INSTALLATION, OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS

PACO INSTANT PUMPS
Submersible Sump Pumps

Series: PIP700C
       PIP701C

IMPORTANT!  Read all instructions in this manual before operating pump.
As a result of constant product improvement program, product changes may occur.
As such Grundfos CBS, Inc. reserves the right to change product without prior
written notification.
SAFETY FIRST!

Please Read This Before Installing Or Operating Pump.
This information is provided for SAFETY and to PREVENT EQUIPMENT PROBLEMS. To help recognize this information, observe the following symbols:

IMPORTANT! Warns about hazards that can result in personal injury or death or property damage if ignored.

CAUTION! Warns about hazards that can or will cause minor personal injury or property damage if ignored. Used with symbols below.

WARNING! Warns about hazards that can or will cause serious personal injury, death, or major property damage if ignored. Used with symbols below.

- Hazardous fluids can cause fire or explosions, burns or death could result.
- Biohazard can cause serious personal injury.
- Rotating machinery Amputation or severe laceration can result.
- Hazardous voltage can shock, burn or cause death.

Only qualified personnel should install, operate and repair pump. Any wiring of pumps should be performed by a qualified electrician.

WARNING ! To reduce risk of electrical shock, pumps and control panels must be properly grounded in accordance with the National Electric Code (NEC) or the Canadian Electrical Code (CEC) and all applicable state, province, local codes and ordinances. Improper grounding voids warranty.

WARNING! To reduce risk of electrical shock, always disconnect the pump from the power source before handling or servicing. Lock out power and tag.

WARNING! Operation against a closed discharge valve will cause premature bearing and seal failure on any pump, and on end suction and self priming pump the heat build may cause the generation of steam with resulting dangerous pressures. It is recommended that a high case temperature switch or pressure relief valve be installed on the pump body.

CAUTION ! Never operate a pump with a plug-in type power cord without a ground fault circuit interrupter.

CAUTION ! Pumps build up heat and pressure during operation-allow time for pumps to cool before handling or servicing.

WARNING ! Do not pump hazardous materials (flammable, caustic, etc.) unless the pump is specifically designed and designated to handle them.

CAUTION ! Do not block or restrict discharge hose, as discharge hose may whip under pressure.

WARNING ! Do not wear loose clothing that may become entangled in moving parts.

WARNING ! Keep clear of suction and discharge openings. DO NOT insert fingers in pump with power connected.

Always wear eye protection when working on pumps.

Make sure lifting handles are securely fastened each time before lifting. DO NOT operate pump without safety devices in place. Always replace safety devices that have been removed during service or repair. Secure the pump in its operating position so it can not tip over, fall or slide.

DO NOT exceed manufacturers recommendation for maximum performance, as this could cause the motor to overheat.

DO NOT remove cord and strain relief. DO NOT connect conduit to pump.

WARNING ! Cable should be protected at all times to avoid punctures, cuts, bruises and abrasions. Inspect frequently. Never handle connected power cords with wet hands.

WARNING ! To reduce risk of electrical shock, all wiring and junction connections should be made per the NEC or CEC and applicable state or province and local codes. Requirements may vary depending on usage and location.

WARNING! Submersible Pumps are not approved for use in swimming pools, recreational water installations decorative fountains or any installation where human contact with the pumped fluid is common.

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WARNING! Products returned must be cleaned, sanitized, or decontaminated as necessary prior to shipment, to insure that employees will not be exposed to health hazards in handling said material. All Applicable Laws And Regulations Shall Apply.

Bronze/brass and bronze/brass fitted pumps may contain lead levels higher than considered safe for potable water systems. Lead is known to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. Various government agencies have determined that leaded copper alloys should not be used in potable water applications. For non-leaded copper alloy materials of construction, please contact factory.

PACO® Pumps is not responsible for losses, injury, or death resulting from a failure to observe these safety precautions, misuse or abuse of pumps or equipment.
PUMP SPECIFICATIONS:

DISCHARGE .................... 1½” NPT, Female, Vertical
LIQUID TEMPERATURE .... 104°F (40°C) Continuous
MOTOR HOUSING .......... Cast Iron
BODY & STRAINER .......... Thermoplastic
IMPELLER:
  Design .......... 10 vane, vortex, with pump out vanes on back side. Balanced, ISO G6.3
  Material .......... Cast Iron
SHAFT ......................... Stainless Steel
O-RINGS ....................... Buna-N
HARDWARE .................. 300 Series Stainless Steel
PAINT ......................... Air dry enamel
SEAL Design .............. Single Mechanical, Type 21
  Material .......... Silicon-Carbide/Silicon-Carbide/Buna-N
  Hardware - 300 series stainless steel
CORD ENTRY .................. 20 Ft. (6m) Cord with Plug and pressure gromment for sealing and strain relief.

UPPER BEARING:
  Design .......... Single Row, Ball, Oil Lubricated
  Load ............... Radial
LOWER BEARING:
  Design .......... Single Row, Ball, Oil Lubricated
  Load ............... Radial & Thrust

MOTOR:
  Design .......... Oil Filled
  Insulation .......... Class B
SINGLE PHASE ............ Permanent Split Capacitor (PSC)
ELECTRICAL ............. 120 Volt, 1 Phase, 60Hz.
  PIP700C .......... 1/3HP, 5.8FLA
  PIP701C .......... 1/2HP, 6.8FLA
WINDING RESISTANCE:
  Main ............... 4.3 Ω
  Start .............. 12.7Ω
LEVEL CONTROL .......... Wide Angle, Mechanical, 20 Ft. (6m) Cord
MINIMUM SUMP DIA ...... 18” (457mm)

PUMP MODEL NO. 

PUMP SERIAL NO. 

FIGURE 1
### SECTION B: GENERAL INFORMATION

#### B-1) To The Purchaser:
Your new Submersible Pump is constructed of the best available materials and is designed to give you many years of service with a minimum of attention.

This manual will provide helpful information concerning installation, maintenance, and proper service guidelines. Check local codes and requirements before installation. Servicing should be performed by knowledgeable pump service contractors or authorized service stations.

The pump is packaged ready for installation and no connections or adjustments are necessary except for attaching discharge piping and plugging in service cord.

#### B-2) Receiving:
Upon receiving the pump, it should be inspected for damage or shortages. If damage has occurred, file a claim immediately with the company that delivered the pump. If the manual is removed from the crating, do not lose or misplace.

### SECTION C: INSTALLATION

#### C-1) Location:
These pumping units are self-contained and are recommended for use in a sump or basin. This pump is designed to pump rain water or light effluent, nonexplosive and noncorrosive liquids and shall **NOT** be installed in locations classified as hazardous in accordance with the National Electrical Code (NEC), ANSI/NFPA 70 or the Canadian Electrical Code (CEC).

The sump or basin shall be vented in accordance with local plumbing codes. Provide proper sump diameter of approx. 18” (457mm) minimum and depth of approx. 20” (508mm) minimum to allow the pump and switch to operate without restriction. The float switch should not come in contact with side or bottom of sump. Make sure sump is free of string, cloth, nails, gravel, etc. before installing pump. Never install the pump in a trench, ditch, or hole with a dirt bottom where the suction will become plugged.

#### C-1.1) Submergence:
The minimum sump liquid level should never be less than 4 inches (102mm) above the pump bottom.

![Recommended Submergence Level](image)

![Minimum Submergence Level](image)

"A" = 4" (102)
C-2) Discharge:
Discharge piping should be as short as possible. The installation of a check valve in the discharge piping is recommended for each pump being used. The check valve is used to prevent backflow into the sump. Excessive backflow can cause flooding and/or damage to the pump.

C-3) Liquid Level Controls:
Figure 2 shows a typical installation for a submersible pump using a piggy-back wide angle level control mounted to the pump.

General Comments:
1) Never work in the sump with the power on.
2) Level controls are factory set. Be certain that the level control cannot hang up or foul in its swing. Also, make certain the pump impeller is still submerged when the level control is in the 'off' mode.
3) Plug the pump plug into a GFI receptacle. One cycle of operation should be observed, so that any potential problems can be corrected.

C-4) Electrical Connections:
C-4.1) Power Cable:
The cord assembly mounted to the pump must not be modified in any way. This pump comes complete with a 3 wire cord and 3 prong grounded plug that must be connected into a 3 wire grounded Ground Fault receptacle. **DO NOT** remove ground pin from electrical plug. It is **NOT** recommended to use an extension cord with these pumps. **DO NOT USE THE POWER CABLE TO LIFT PUMP.**

C-4.2) Overload Protection:
Automatic thermal overload protects the sealed-in-oil motor. Running dry may overheat the motor and trip the overload. The type of in-winding overload protector used is referred to as an inherent overheating protector and operates on the combined effect of temperature and current. This means that the overload protector will trip out and shut the pump off if the windings become too hot, or the load current passing through them becomes too high. It will then automatically reset and start the pump up after the motor cools to a safe temperature. In the event of an overload, the source of this condition should be determined and rectified immediately. **DO NOT LET THE PUMP CYCLE OR RUN IF AN OVERLOAD CONDITION OCCURS!**

Figure 3 shows a typical connection for pumps with the piggy-back plug, for manual and automatic operations.

Automatic - Plug float cord into GFI outlet, then plug pump cord into float cord.

Manual - Plug pump cord directly into GFI outlet.
SECTION D: SERVICE AND REPAIR

WARNING! - DO NOT overfill oil. Overfilling of motor housing with oil can create excessive and dangerous hydraulic pressure which can destroy the pump and create a hazard. Overfilling oil voids warranty.

D-1) Bottom Plate:
Remove screws (2), and remove bottom plate (1) from volute and remove volute. Clean and examine impeller. If impeller vanes are clogged, or it is excessively worn or broken, the pump should be replaced.

<p>| TABLE 1 - COOLING OIL - Dielectric |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SUPPLIER</th>
<th>GRADE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BP</td>
<td>Enerpar SE100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conoco</td>
<td>Pale Paraffin 22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mobile</td>
<td>D.T.E. Oil Light</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G &amp; G Oil</td>
<td>Circulating 22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Imperial Oil</td>
<td>Voltesso-35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shell Canada</td>
<td>Transformer-10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Texaco</td>
<td>Diala-Oil-AX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Woco</td>
<td>Premium 100</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

SECTION: E WARRANTY REPAIR

E-1) Information Needed:
ALWAYS furnish the following information:
1. Pump serial number and date code.
2. Pump model number

SERVICE PARTS AVAILABLE:
1. Bottom Plate - Not Available
2. Screws - Not Available
3. 099260XA Cord Set 20Ft. (3a & 3b supplied with cord)
4. 106923XA Mech. Wide Angle 20 Ft. Piggy Back

Pumps Sold as Complete Units Only, Except for Above Listed Level Control.
TROUBLE SHOOTING

**CAUTION!** Always disconnect the pump from the electrical power source before handling.

If the system fails to operate properly, carefully read instructions and perform maintenance recommendations.

If operating problems persist, the following chart may be of assistance in identifying and correcting them:

**MATCH “CAUSE” NUMBER WITH CORRELATING “CORRECTION” NUMBER.**

**NOTE:** Not all problems and corrections will apply to each pump model.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PROBLEM</th>
<th>CAUSE</th>
<th>CORRECTION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pump will not run</td>
<td>1. Poor electrical connection, blown fuse, tripped breaker or other interruption of power, improper power supply. 2. Motor or switch inoperative (to isolate cause, go to manual operation of pump). 2a. Float movement restricted. 2b. Switch will not activate pump or is defective. 3. Insufficient liquid level.</td>
<td>1. Check all electrical connections for security. Have electrician measure current in motor leads, if current is within ±20% of locked rotor Amps, impeller is probably locked. If current is 0, overload may be tripped. Remove power, allow pump to cool, then recheck current. 2a. Reposition pump or clean basin as required to provide adequate clearance for float.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pump will not turn off</td>
<td>2a. Float movement restricted. 2b. Switch will not activate pump or is defective. 4. Excessive inflow or pump not properly sized for application. 9. Pump may be airlocked. 14. H-O-A switch on panel is in “HAND” position.</td>
<td>2. Reposition pump or clean basin as required to provide adequate clearance for float.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pump hums but does not run</td>
<td>1. Incorrect voltage. 8. Cutter jammed or loose on shaft, worn or damaged, inlet plugged.</td>
<td>4. Recheck all sizing calculations to determine proper pump size.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pump delivers insufficient capacity</td>
<td>1. Incorrect voltage. 4. Excessive inflow or pump not properly sized for application. 5. Discharge restricted. 6. Check valve stuck closed or installed backwards. 7. Shut-off valve closed. 8. Cutter jammed or loose on shaft, worn or damaged, inlet plugged. 9. Pump may be airlocked. 10. Pump stator damaged/torn.</td>
<td>5. Check discharge line for restrictions, including ice if line passes through or into cold areas.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pump cycles too frequently or runs periodically when fixtures are not in use</td>
<td>6. Check valve stuck closed or installed backwards. 11. Fixtures are leaking. 15. Ground water entering basin.</td>
<td>6. Remove and examine check valve for proper installation and freedom of operation. 7. Open valve. 8. Check cutter for freedom of operation, security and condition. Clean cutter and inlet of any obstruction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pump shuts off and turns on independent of switch, (trips thermal overload protector). <strong>CAUTION!</strong> Pump may start unexpectedly. Disconnect power supply.</td>
<td>1. Incorrect voltage. 4. Excessive inflow or pump not properly sized for application. 8. Cutter jammed, loose on shaft, worn or damaged, inlet plugged. 12. Excessive water temperature.</td>
<td>9. Loosen union slightly to allow trapped air to escape. Verify that turn-off level of switch is set so that the suction is always flooded. Clean vent hole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>15. Check for leaks around basin inlet and outlets.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>